



OLED SPECIFICATION

Model No:

REX012864DWPP3N00F00

CUSTOMER:

APPROVED BY	
PCB VERSION	
DATE	

FOR CUSTOMER USE ONLY

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1. Revision History

VERSION	DATE	REVISED PAGE NO.	Note
0	2018/07/10		First release
Α	2018/11/15		Drawing Add FPC Pin
			Pitch
В	2018/11/27		Modify Static
			electricity test
			Content of Test



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- 4. Contour Drawing & Block Diagram
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- 9.Reliability
- 10.Inspection specification
- 11.Precautions in use of OLED Modules



1.General Specification

The Features is described as follow:

■ Module dimension: 26.7 × 19.26 × 1.26 mm

■ Active area: 21.738 × 10.858mm

■ Dot Matrix: 128*64

Dot size: 0.148 × 0.148 mmDot pitch: 0.17 × 0.17mm

■ Display Mode : Passive Matrix

■ Duty: 1/64 Duty

Display Color: OLED, White
 Interface: 6800,8080,SPI,I2C
 Controller IC: SSD1306BZ

■ SIZE: 0.96 inch



2. Module Classification information

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
R	Е	Х	012864	D	W	Р	Р	3	N	0	0	F	00

	1						
1	Brand : Raysta	r Opt	ronics Inc.				
2	E: OLED						
		C: (COB Character		G: COB Graphic		
3	Diaplay Type	X : (COG		H : CC	G + FR	
3	Display Type	P: (COG + FR + PCB		T:TA	В	
		A : (COG + PCB				
4	Dot Matrix: 1	28*64	1				
5	Series						
			A : Amber	R: Red		C: Full Color	
6	Emitting Color		B: Blue	W: White			
6	Emitting Color		G: Green	Y: Yellow			
			S: Sky Blue	X : Dual Color			
7	Polarizer		P: With Polarizer;	N: Without Polari	zer		
/	Polarizer		A: Anti-glare Polar	izer			
8	Display Mode		P : Passive Matrix	•	X		
9	Driver Voltage			: 5.0V			
10	Touch Panel	1	N: Without touch p	panel; T: With touc	ch panel	-	
			0 : Standard				
	Product type		1 : Daylight Readal				
11	1 Toddet type	The state of the s	2 : Transparent OL				
		,	3 : Flexible OLED ((FOLED)			
	y		4 : OLED Lighting				
			0 : Standard				
12	Inspection Grad	de	2 : B grade				
12	mopositori diat	. 0	C: Automotive grad				
	7		Y: Consumer grad				
13	Option		0 : Default ; F : ZIF	FPC;H:Hot ba	ar FPC;	D: Demo Kit	
14	Serial No.		Serial number(00~2	ZZ)	./4	300000	
	•		•		- / "		



3.Interface Pin Function

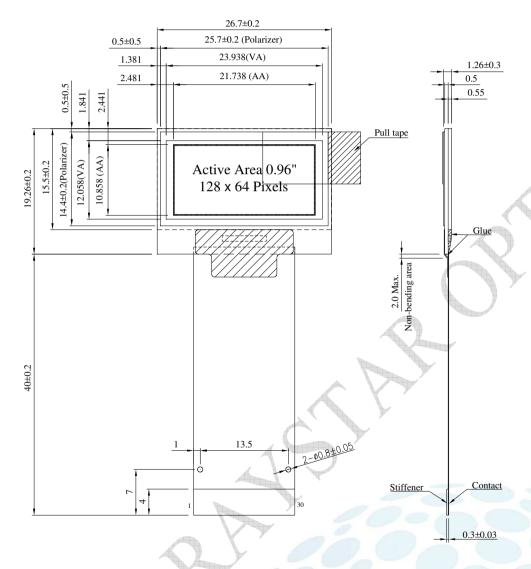
No.	Symbol	Function					
	N.C.	Reserved Pin (Supporting Pin)					
1	(GND)	The supporting pins can reduce the influences from stresses on the function					
	, ,	pins. These pins must be connected to external ground.					
2	C2N	Positive Terminal of the Flying Inverting Capacitor Negative Terminal of the					
3	C2P	Flying Boost Capacitor The charge-pump capacitors are required between the					
4	C1P	terminals. They must be floated when the converter is not used.					
5	C1N						
6	VBAT	Power Supply for DC/DC Converter Circuit This is the power supply pin for the internal buffer of the DC/DC voltage converter. It must be connected to external source when the converter is used. It should be connected to VDD when the converter is not used.					
7	NC	NC					
		Ground of Logic Circuit					
8	VSS	This is a ground pin. It acts as a reference for the logic pins. It must be					
		connected to external ground.					
9	VDD	Power Supply for Logic					
		This is a voltage supply pin. It must be connected to external source.					
10	BS0	Communicating Protocol Select					
	500	These pins are MCU interface selection input. See the					
	D 0.4	following table:					
11	BS1	I2C 0 1 0					
		3-wire SPI 1 0 0 0 4-wire SPI 0 0 0					
12	BS2	8-bit 68XX Parallel 0 0 1					
		8-bit 80XX Parallel 0 1 1					
10	00#	Chip Select					
13	CS#	This pin is the chip select input. The chip is enabled for MCU communication					
	,A	only when CS# is pulled low. Power Reset for Controller and Driver					
14	RES#	This pin is reset signal input. When the pin is low, initialization of the chip is					
'4	TILO#	executed.					
		Data/Command Control					
		This pin is Data/Command control pin. When the pin is pulled high, the input at					
		D7~D0 is treated as display data.					
		When the pin is pulled low, the input at D7~D0 will be transferred to the					
15	15 Command register. For detail relationship to MCU interface signals, please r						
	Β, Οπ	to the Timing Characteristics Diagrams.					
		When the pin is pulled high and serial interface mode is selected, the data at					
		SDIN is treated as data. When it is pulled low, the data at SDIN will be transferred to the command register. In I2C mode, this pin acts as SA0 for slave					
		address selection.					
L		addiced delection.					

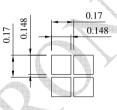


16	R/W#	Read/Write Select or Write This pin is MCU interface input. When interfacing to a 68XX-series microprocessor, this pin will be used as Read/Write (R/W#) selection input. Pull this pin to "High" for read mode and pull it to "Low" for write mode. When 80XX interface mode is selected, this pin will be the Write (WR#) input. Data write operation is initiated when this pin is pulled low and the CS# is pulled low.
17	E/RD#	Read/Write Enable or Read This pin is MCU interface input. When interfacing to a 68XX-series microprocessor, this pin will be used as the Enable (E) signal. Read/write operation is initiated when this pin is pulled high and the CS# is pulled low. When connecting to an 80XX-microprocessor, this pin receives the Read (RD#) signal. Data read operation is initiated when this pin is pulled low and CS# is pulled low.
18~25	D0~D7	Host Data Input/Output Bus These pins are 8-bit bi-directional data bus to be connected to the microprocessor's data bus. When serial mode is selected, D1 will be the serial data input SDIN and D0 will be the serial clock input SCLK. When I2C mode is selected, D2 & D1 should be tired together and serve as SDAout & SDAin in application and D0 is the serial clock input SCL.
26	IREF	Current Reference for Brightness Adjustment This pin is segment current reference pin. A resistor should be connected between this pin and VSS. Set the current lower than 12.5µA.
27	VCOMH	Voltage Output High Level for COM Signal This pin is the input pin for the voltage output high level for COM signals. A capacitor should be connected between this pin and VSS.
28	VCC	Power Supply for OEL Panel This is the most positive voltage supply pin of the chip. A stabilization capacitor should be connected between this pin and VSS when the converter is used. It must be connected to external source when the converter is not used.
29	VLSS	Ground of Analog Circuit This is an analog ground pin. It should be connected to VSS externally.
30	NC (GND)	Reserved Pin (Supporting Pin) The supporting pins can reduce the influences from stresses on the function pins. These pins must be connected to external ground.



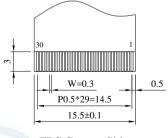
4. Contour Drawing & Block Diagram

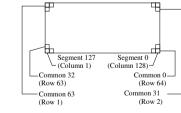




SCALE: 20/1

PIN	SYMBOL	PIN	SYMBOL
1	NC(GND)	14	RES#
2	C2N	15	D/C#
3	C2P	16	R/W#
4	C1P	17	E/RD#
5	C1N	18	D0
6	VBAT	19	D1
7	NC	20	D2
8	VSS	21	D3
9	VDD	22	D4
10	BS0	23	D5
11	BS1	24	D6
12	BS2	25	D7
13	CS#	26	IREF
		27	VCOMH
		28	VCC
		29	VLSS





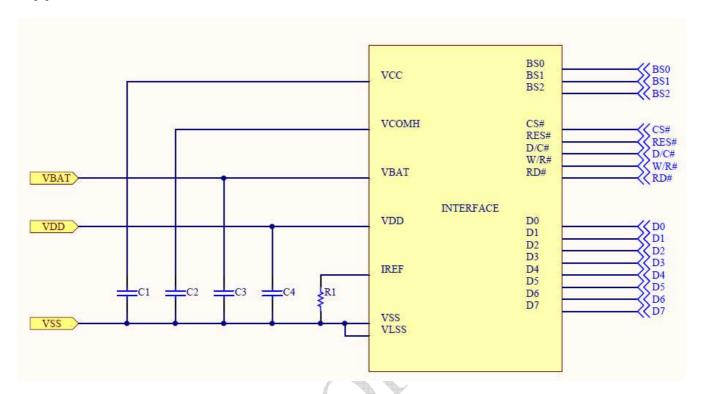
NC(GND)

FPC Contact Side

The non-specified tolerance of dimension is $\pm 0.3 \text{ mm}$.



4.1 Application recommendations



Recommended components:

C1, C2: 2.2uF C3, C4: 1.0uF

Bus Interface selection: (Must be set the BS[2:0], refer to item 4) 8-bits 6800 and 8080 parallel, 3 or 4-wire SPI, I2C

Voltage at IREF = VCC - 3V. For VCC = 12V, IREF = 30uA:

R1 = (Voltage at IREF - VSS) / IREF

= (12-3) / 30u

= 300K ohm

*For more information, please refer to Application Note provided by Raystar Optronics.



5.Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
Supply Voltage for Logic	VDD	0	4.0	V	1,2
Supply Voltage for Display	VCC	0	15.0	V	1,2
Operating Temperature	TOP	-40	+80	°C	- 1
Storage Temperature	TSTG	-40	+85	°C	

Note 1: All the above voltages are on the basis of "VSS = 0V".

Note 2: When this module is used beyond the above absolute maximum ratings, permanent breakage of the module may occur. Also, for normal operations, it is desirable to use this module under the conditions according to Section 6. "Optics & Electrical Characteristics". If this module is used beyond these conditions, malfunctioning of the module can occur and the reliability of the module may deteriorate.





6.Electrical Characteristics

6.1 DC Electrical Characteristics

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage for Logic	VDD	_	2.8	3.0	3.3	٧
Supply Voltage for Display	VCC	_	11.5	12.0	12.5	V
Input High Volt.	VIH	_	0.8×VDD		VDDIO	V
Input Low Volt.	VIL	_	0	7	0.2×VDD	V
Output High Volt.	VOH	_	0.9×VDD	1	VDDIO	V
Output Low Volt.	VOL	- (0	_	0.1×VDD	V
Operating Current for VCC (50% display ON)	ICC	-		19.5	25.0	mA



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6.2 Initial code

```
void Initial_ic(void){
```

```
Write command cs2(0xAE); // turn off the display (AF=ON, AE=OFF)
// Set Display Clock Divide Ratio/Oscillator Frequency
 Write command cs2(0xB3);
Write command cs2(0x91); // Set Clock as 135 Frames/Sec
//Set Multiplex Ratio
Write command cs2(0xA8);
Write command cs2(0x3F); \frac{1}{64} Duty (0x0F~0x5F)
// Set Display Offset
Write command_cs2(0xA2);
 Write command cs2(0x44);
// Set Display Start Line
Write command cs2(0xA1);
Write command cs2(0x00); // Set Mapping RAM Display Start Line (0x00~0x5F)
// Set Re-Map
Write command cs2(0xA1);
Write command cs2(0XC8);
// Set Master Configuration
Write command cs2(0xAD);
Write_command_cs2(0x02); // Select external VCC supply
//Set Biasing Current for DC/DC converter
Write command cs2(0xCF);
Write command cs2(0xF0); // Not documented
//Set Current Range
Write command cs2(0x86); // Set full Current Range
// Set Contrast Current
 Write command cs2(0x81);
Write command cs2(0x7F); // full
// Set Row Period / Frame Frequency
Write command cs2(0xB2);
Write command cs2(0x46);
// Set Phase Length
Write command cs2(0xB1);
```



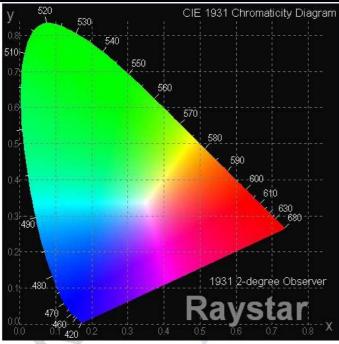
}

```
Write command cs2(0x22);
// Set Pre-charge Voltage
Write command cs2(0xBC);
Write_command_cs2(0x10);
// Set Pre-Charge Compensation
Write_command_cs2(0xB4); // Set Pre-Charge Compensation Level
Write command cs2(0x02); // Default => 0x00 (No Compensation)
Write command cs2(0xB0); // Set Pre-Charge Compensation Enable
Write command cs2(0x28); // Enable
// Set VCOMH Voltage
Write command cs2(0xBE);
Write command cs2(0x02);
// Set VSL
Write_command_cs2(0xBF);
Write_command_cs2(0x0D);
// Set Display Mode
Write command cs2(0xA4); // Normal Display
// Set Display On
Write command cs2(0xAF);
```



7. Optical Characteristics

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Viou Anglo	(V)θ	_	160	_	_	deg
View Angle	(Η)φ	_	160	_		deg
Contrast Ratio	CR	Dark	2000:1	_	<u></u>	_
Doonanaa Tima	T rise	_	_	10		μs
Response Time	T fall	_	_	10	_	μs
Display with 50% che	ck Board Brigh	ntness	60	80	_	cd/m2
CIEx(Whi	te)	0.26	0.28	0.30	_	
CIEy(Whi	te)	(CIE1931)	0.30	0.32	0.34	_





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8.OLED Lifetime

ITEM	Conditions	Min	Тур	Remark
Operating Life Time	Ta=25°C / Initial 50% check board brightness Typical Value	20,000 Hrs	-	Note

Notes:

- 1. Life time is defined the amount of time when the luminance has decayed to <50% of the initial value.
- 2. This analysis method uses life data obtained under accelerated conditions to extrapolate an estimated probability density function (*pdf*) for the product under normal use conditions.
- 3. Screen saving mode will extend OLED lifetime.





9.Reliability

Environmental Test				
Test Item	Content of Test	Test Condition	Applicable Standard	
High Temperature storage	Endurance test applying the high storage temperature for a long time.	85°C 240hrs	- (
Low Temperature storage	Endurance test applying the low storage temperature for a long time.	-40°C 240hrs		
High Temperature Operation	Endurance test applying the electric stress (Voltage & Current) and the thermal stress to the element for a long time.	80°C 240hrs		
Low Temperature Operation	Endurance test applying the electric stress under low temperature for a long time.	-40°C 240hrs		
High Temperature/ Humidity Storage	Endurance test applying the high temperature and high humidity storage for a long time.	60°C,90%RH 240hrs		
High Temperature/ Humidity Operation	Endurance test applying the high temperature and high humidity Operation for a long time.	60°C,90%RH 120hrs		
Temperature Cycle	Endurance test applying the low and high temperature cycle. -40°C 25°C 80°C 30min 5min 30min 1 cycle	-40°C /80°C 30 cycles	E & S	
Mechanical Tes	et C			
Vibration test Endurance test applying the vibration during transportation and using.		Frequency:10~55Hz amplitude:1.5mm Time:0.5hrs/axis Test axis:X,Y,Z		
Others	7 70	,		
Static electricity test	Endurance test applying the electric stress to the finished product housing.	Air Discharge model ±4kv,10 times		

^{***} Supply voltage for OLED system =Operating voltage at 25°C



Test and measurement conditions

- 1. All measurements shall not be started until the specimens attain to temperature stability. After the completion of the described reliability test, the samples were left at room temperature for 2 hrs prior to conducting the failure test at 23±5°C; 55±15% RH.
- 2. All-pixels-on is used as operation test pattern.
- 3. The degradation of Polarizer are ignored for High Temperature storage, High Temperature/ Humidity Storage, Temperature Cycle

Evaluation criteria

- 1. The function test is OK.
- 2. No observable defects.
- 3. Luminance: > 50% of initial value.
- 4. Current consumption: within ± 50% of initial value.

APPENDIX:

RESIDUE IMAGE

Because the pixels are lighted in different time, the luminance of active pixels may reduce or differ from inactive pixels. Therefore, the residue image will occur. To avoid the residue image, every pixel needs to be lighted up uniformly.



10.Inspection specification

Inspection Standard:

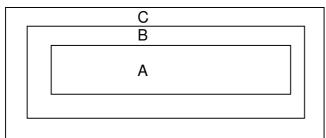
MIL-STD-105E table normal inspection single sample level II.

Definition

1 Major defect : The defect that greatly affect the usability of product.

2 Minor defect : The other defects, such as cosmetic defects, etc.

Definition of inspection zone:



Zone A: Active Area

Zone B: Viewing Area except Zone A

Zone C: Outside Viewing Area

Note: As a general rule, visual defects in Zone C are permissible, when it is no trouble of quality and assembly to customer's product.

Inspection Methods

1 The general inspection: Under fluorescent light illumination: 750~1500 Lux, about 30cm viewing distance, within 45° viewing angle, under 25±5°C.

2 The luminance and color coordinate inspection: By SR-3 or BM-7 or the equal equipments, in the dark room, under 25±5°C.

NO	Item	Criterion	AQL
01	Electrical Testing	 1.1 Missing vertical, horizontal segment, segment contrast defect. 1.2 Missing character, dot or icon. 1.3 Display malfunction. 1.4 No function or no display. 1.5 Current consumption exceeds product specifications. 1.6 OLED viewing angle defect. 1.7 Mixed product types. 1.8 Contrast defect. 	0.65
02	Black or white spots on OLED (display only)	 2.1 White and black spots on display ≤ 0.25mm, no more than three white or black spots present. 2.2 Densely spaced: No more than two spots or lines within 3mm. 	2.5



NO	Item	Criterion			AQL	
	OLED black spots, white spots, contamin ation (non-display)	3.1 Round type : As following drawing Φ=(x+y)/2 → X → Y Y	SIZE $\Phi \le 0.10$ $0.10 < \Phi \le 0.20$ $0.20 < \Phi \le 0.25$ $0.25 < \Phi$	Acceptable QTY Accept no dense 2 1 0	Zone A+ B, A+ B A+ B A+ B	2.5
03		3.2 Line type : (As for the last of the l	Width W≤0.02	Acceptable Q TY Accept no dense	Zone A+B A+B	2.5
		L≦2.5 			A+B	
04	Polarizer bubbles	If bubbles are visible, judge using black spot specifications, not easy to find, must check in specify direction.	Size Φ $\Phi \le 0.20$ $0.20 < \Phi \le 0.50$ $0.50 < \Phi \le 1.00$ $1.00 < \Phi$ Total Q TY	Acceptable Q TY Accept no dense 3 2 0 3	Zone A+B A+B A+B A+B	2.5
05	Scratches	Follow NO.3 OLED black spots, white spots, contamination.				



NO	Item	Criterion	
	Chipped glass	Symbols Define: x: Chip length y: Chip width z: Chip thickness k: Seal width t: Glass thickness a: OLED side length L: Electrode pad length: 6.1 General glass chip: 6.1.1 Chip on panel surface and crack between panels:	2.5
06		6.1.2 Corner crack: z: Chip thickness y: Chip width x: Chip length $Z \le 1/2t$ Not over viewing area $x \le 1/8a$ $1/2t < z \le 2t$ Not exceed $1/3k$ $x \le 1/8a$ \odot If there are 2 or more chips, x is the total length of each chip.	2.5
	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		2.5



NO	Item	Criterion	
06	Glass crack	6.2.2 Non-conductive portion: y: Chip width x: Chip length z: Chip thickness $y \le L$ $x \le 1/8a$ $0 < z \le t$ olf the chipped area touches the ITO terminal, over 2/3 of the ITO must remain and be inspected according to electrode terminal specifications. olf the product will be heat sealed by the customer, the alignment mark not be damaged. 6.2.3 Substrate protuberance and internal crack. y: width x: length $y \le 1/3L$ $x \le a$	2.5
07	Cracked glass	The OLED with extensive crack is not acceptable.	
08	Backlight elements	8.1 Illumination source flickers when lit. 8.2 Spots or scratched that appear when lit must be judged. Using OLED spot, lines and contamination standards. 8.3 Backlight doesn't light or color wrong.	
09	Bezel	9.1 Bezel may not have rust, be deformed or have fingerprints, stains or other contamination.9.2 Bezel must comply with job specifications.	



NO	Item	Criterion	AQL
10	PCB , COB	10.1 COB seal may not have pinholes larger than 0.2mm or contamination.	2.5
		10.2 COB seal surface may not have pinholes through to the IC.10.3 The height of the COB should not exceed the height indicated in the assembly diagram.	2.5 0.65
		10.4 There may not be more than 2mm of sealant outside the seal area on the PCB. And there should be no more than three places.	2.5
		10.5 No oxidation or contamination PCB terminals.10.6 Parts on PCB must be the same as on the production characteristic chart. There should be no wrong parts, missing parts or excess parts.	2.5 0.65
		10.7 The jumper on the PCB should conform to the product characteristic chart.	0.65
		10.8 If solder gets on bezel tab pads, OLED pad, zebra pad or screw hold pad, make sure it is smoothed down.	2.5
11	Soldering	11.1 No un-melted solder paste may be present on the PCB. 11.2 No cold solder joints, missing solder connections, oxidation	2.5 2.5
		or icicle. 11.3 No residue or solder balls on PCB. 11.4 No short circuits in components on PCB.	2.5 0.65
		12.1 No oxidation, contamination, curves or, bends on interface Pin (OLB) of TCP.	2.5
	4	12.2 No cracks on interface pin (OLB) of TCP. 12.3 No contamination, solder residue or solder balls on product.	0.65 2.5
12	General appearance	12.4 The IC on the TCP may not be damaged, circuits. 12.5 The uppermost edge of the protective strip on the interface pin must be present or look as if it cause the interface pin to sever.	2.5 2.5
		12.6 The residual rosin or tin oil of soldering (component or chip component) is not burned into brown or black color.	2.5
		12.7 Sealant on top of the ITO circuit has not hardened.12.8 Pin type must match type in specification sheet.	2.5 0.65
		12.9 OLED pin loose or missing pins.12.10 Product packaging must the same as specified on packaging specification sheet.	0.65 0.65
		12.11 Product dimension and structure must conform to product specification sheet.	0.65



Check Item	Classification	Criteria
No Display	Major	
Missing Line	Major	
Pixel Short	Major	
Darker Short	Major	
Wrong Display	Major	
Un-uniform B/A x 100% < 70% A/C x 100% < 70%	Major	A Normal B Dark Fixel C Ull Light Fixel



11.Precautions in use of OLED Modules

- (1) Avoid applying excessive shocks to module or making any alterations or modifications to it.
- (2) Don't make extra holes on the printed circuit board, modify its shape or change the components of OLED display module.
- (3) Don't disassemble the OLED display module.
- (4) Don't operate it above the absolute maximum rating.
- (5) Don't drop, bend or twist OLED display module.
- (6) Soldering: only to the I/O terminals.
- (7) Storage: please storage in anti-static electricity container and clean environment.
- (8) It's pretty common to use "Screen Saver" to extend the lifetime and Don't use fix information for long time in real application.
- (9) Don't use fixed information in OLED panel for long time, that will extend "screen burn" effect time.
- (10) Raystar has the right to change the passive components, including R2and R3 adjust resistors. (Resistors, capacitors and other passive components will have different appearance and color caused by the different supplier.)
- (11) Raystar have the right to change the PCB Rev. (In order to satisfy the supplying stability, management optimization and the best product performance...etc, under the premise of not affecting the electrical characteristics and external dimensions, Raystar have the right to modify the version.)

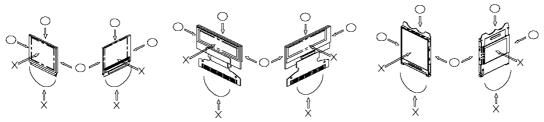
11.1 Handling Precautions

- (1) Since the display panel is being made of glass, do not apply mechanical impacts such us dropping from a high position.
- (2) If the display panel is broken by some accident and the internal organic substance leaks out, be careful not to inhale nor lick the organic substance.
- (3) If pressure is applied to the display surface or its neighborhood of the OLED display module, the cell structure may be damaged and be careful not to apply pressure to these sections.
- (4) The polarizer covering the surface of the OLED display module is soft and easily scratched. Please be careful when handling the OLED display module.
- (5) When the surface of the polarizer of the OLED display module has soil, clean the surface. It takes advantage of by using following adhesion tape.
- * Scotch Mending Tape No. 810 or an equivalent

Never try to breathe upon the soiled surface nor wipe the surface using cloth containing solvent Also, pay attention that the following liquid and solvent may spoil the polarizer:

- * Water
- * Ketone
- * Aromatic Solvents
- (6) Hold OLED display module very carefully when placing OLED display module into the System housing. Do not apply excessive stress or pressure to OLED display module. And, do not over bend the film with electrode pattern layouts. These stresses will influence the display performance. Also, secure sufficient rigidity for the outer cases.





- (7) Do not apply stress to the LSI chips and the surrounding molded sections.
- (8) Do not disassemble nor modify the OLED display module.
- (9) Do not apply input signals while the logic power is off.
- (10) Pay sufficient attention to the working environments when handing OLED display modules to prevent occurrence of element breakage accidents by static electricity.
- * Be sure to make human body grounding when handling OLED display modules.
- * Be sure to ground tools to use or assembly such as soldering irons.
- * To suppress generation of static electricity, avoid carrying out assembly work under dry environments.
- * Protective film is being applied to the surface of the display panel of the OLED display module. Be careful since static electricity may be generated when exfoliating the protective film.
- (11) Protection film is being applied to the surface of the display panel and removes the protection film before assembling it. At this time, if the OLED display module has been stored surface of the display panel after removed of the film. In such case, remove the residue material by the method introduced in the above Section 5.
- (12) If electric current is applied when the OLED display module is being dewed or when it is placed under high humidity environments, the electrodes may be corroded and be careful to avoid the above.

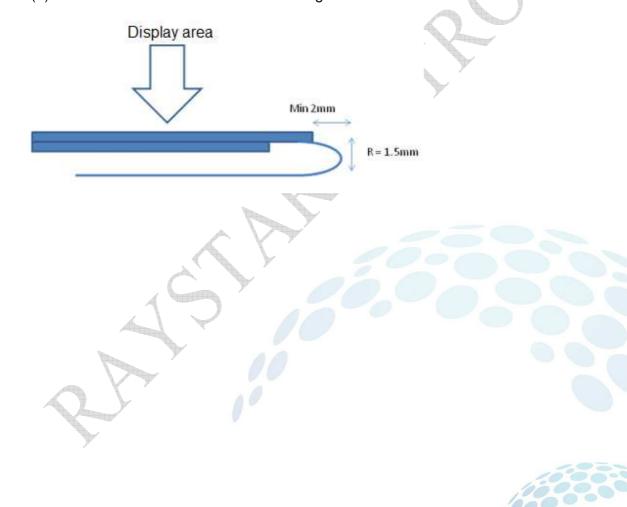
11.2 Storage Precautions

- (1) When storing OLED display modules, put them in static electricity preventive bags avoiding exposure to direct sun light nor to lights of fluorescent lamps. And, also, avoiding high temperature and high humidity environment or low temperature (less than 0°C) environments. (We recommend you to store these modules in the packaged state when they were shipped from Raystar Optronics Inc. At that time, be careful not to let water drops adhere to the packages or bags nor let dewing occur with them.
- (2) If electric current is applied when water drops are adhering to the surface of the OLED display module, when the OLED display module is being dewed or when it is placed under high humidity environments, the electrodes may be corroded and be careful about the above.



11.3 Designing Precautions

- (1) The absolute maximum ratings are the ratings which cannot be exceeded for OLED display module, and if these values are exceeded, panel damage may be happen.
- (2) To prevent occurrence of malfunctioning by noise, pay attention to satisfy the VIL and VIH specifications and, at the same time, to make the signal line cable as short as possible.
- (3) We recommend you to install excess current preventive unit (fuses, etc.) to the power circuit (VDD). (Recommend value: 0.5A)
- (4) Pay sufficient attention to avoid occurrence of mutual noise interference with the neighboring devices.
- (5) As for EMI, take necessary measures on the equipment side basically.
- (6) When fastening the OLED display module, fasten the external plastic housing section.
- (7) If power supply to the OLED display module is forcibly shut down by such errors as taking out the main battery while the OLED display panel is in operation, we cannot guarantee the quality of this OLED display module. Connection (contact) to any other potential than the above may lead to rupture of the IC.
- (8) The limitation of FPC and Film bending.





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raye. I					
Module Sample Estimate Feedback Sheet					
Module Number :					
1 · Panel Specification :					
1. Panel Type:	□ Pass	□NG ,			
2. Numbers of Pixel:	□ Pass	□NG ,			
3. View Area:	□ Pass	□NG ,			
4. Active Area:	□ Pass	□NG ,			
5.Emitting Color:	□ Pass	□NG ,			
6.Uniformity:	□Pass	□NG ,			
7.Operating	□ Pass	□NG ,			
Temperature :		Y Y			
8.Storage Temperature :	□ Pass	□NG ,			
9.Others:					
2 Mechanical Specificati	<u>on</u> :				
1. PCB Size:	□Pass	□NG ,			
2.Frame Size :	□Pass	□NG ,			
3.Materal of Frame:	□Pass	□NG ,			
4.Connector Position:	□Pass	□NG ,			
5.Fix Hole Position:	□Pass	□NG ,			
6. Thickness of PCB:	□Pass	□NG ,			
7. Height of Frame to	□Pass	□NG ,			
PCB:					
8.Height of Module:	□Pass	□NG ,			
9.Others:	□Pass	□NG ,			
3 · Relative Hole Size :					
1.Pitch of Connector:	□Pass	□NG ,			
2.Hole size of	□Pass	□NG ,			
Connector:					
3.Mounting Hole size :	□Pass	□NG ,			
4.Mounting Hole Type:	□Pass	□NG ,			
5.Others:	□Pass	□NG ,			

>> Go to page 2 <<



Page: 2 **Module Number**: 4 · Electronic Characteristics of Module : 1.Input Voltage: □NG ,____ □Pass 2.Supply Current: □NG ,_____ □Pass 3.Driving Voltage for □NG ,__ □Pass

OLED:		
4.Contrast for OLED:	□Pass	□NG ,
5.Negative Voltage	□Pass	□NG ,
Output:		
6.Interface Function:	□Pass	□NG ,
7.ESD test:	□Pass	□NG ,
8.Others:	□Pass	□NG ,
Sales signature :Customer Signature		